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Claims

- 1. A material comprising an intimate mixture of keratin protein and a water soluble polymer.
- 5 2. A material according to claim 1 wherein the keratin protein is s-sulfonated.
 - 3. A material according to claim or claim 2 wherein the keratin protein is a keratin protein fraction.
 - 4. A material according to claim 3 in which the keratin protein fraction is from the intermediate filament protein family.
- 10 5. A material according to any one of claims 1-4 in which the keratin protein is intact.
 - 6. A material according to any preceding claim wherein the water soluble polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrolidone and polyethylene glycol.
- 7. A material according to any preceding claim in which the material is a film, fibre or membrane.
 - 8. A method for making a material comprising
 - (a) mixing a keratin protein and a water soluble polymer to form an intimate mixture;
- (b) casting the aqueous mixture so produced; and
 - (c) drying to create a material.
 - 9. A method for making a material comprising:
 - (a) mixing a keratin protein and a water soluble polymer to form an intimate mixture;
- (b) extruding the aqueous mixture produced from step (a) into a coagulation bath through a process of wet spinning.
 - 10. A method for improving the physico-mechanical properties of the materials produced by any one of claims 8-9 by introducing cross-linker agents to form disulfide bonds and thus remove sulfonate functionalities.
- 30 11. A method according to claim 10 in which the cross-linking agent used as a reductant is a thiol or thioglycollate salt.
 - 12. The method according to claim 10 or claim 11 in which the physico-mechanical properties are wet and dry strength.

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- 13. A method according to claim 11 in which the thioglycollate salt is ammonium thioglycollate solution.
- 14. The method according to any one of claims 8-13 wherein the keratin protein is sulfonated.
- 5 15. The method according to any one of claims 8-14 wherein the keratin protein is a protein fraction.
 - 16. The method according to claim 15 wherein the keratin protein is from the intermediate filament protein family.
- 17. The method according to any one of claims 8-16 in which the keratin protein is intact.
 - 18. A method according to any one of claims 8-17 wherein the water soluble polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrolidone and polyethylene glycol.
- 19. A method of improving the wet strength properties of the materials produced by the method of any one of claims 8-9 by incorporating a cross-linking agent into them.
 - 20. A method according to claim 19 in which the cross-linking agent is a protein in to the intimate mixture.
- 21. A method according to claim 19 in which the cross-linking agent is selected from the group consisting of formaldehyde and glutaraldehyde.
 - 22. A process for improving the mechanical properties of a material produced by a method of any one of claims 8-9 by heat treating the composite matrix to enhance its crystalline properties.
- 23. A keratin protein derivative material in which the keratin is chemically linked to a monomer or a polymer material.
 - 24. A keratin protein derivative according to claim 23 in which the keratin protein is s-sulfonated.
 - 25. A keratin protein derivative according to claim 23 in which the keratin is a keratin protein fraction.
- 30 26. A keratin protein derivative according to claim 25 in which the keratin protein fraction is from the intermediate filament protein family.
 - 27. A keratin protein derivative according to any one of claims 23-26 in which the keratin is intact.

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- 28. A keratin protein derivative according to any one of claims 23-27 in which the monomer or polymer material is from the acrylate, epoxide or anhydride group.
- 29. A keratin homopolymer material according to any one of claim 23-28 which is further polymerised.
- 5 30. A keratin material according to claim 29 in which has been further polymerised in the presence of an additional monomer from the acrylate, epoxide or anhydride group, to form a keratin copolymer material.